# PRESIDENTIALLY APPOINTED POSITIONS

Revised April 14, 2021

One of the most significant tasks for any president is staffing their administration. A president is responsible for about 4,000 political appointments, 1,200 of which require senate confirmation. This document provides a breakdown of the number of positions in key agencies, and the number of Senate confirmed appointments and nominations for each of the previous three presidents during their first years.

#### SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

Data based on 2016 Plum Book

## Presidential Appointment with Senate Confirmation (PAS)

- About 1,200 positions across the federal government.
- In the first 100 days in office, the Senate confirmed 67 of President Obama's appointees. At the same point, the Senate had confirmed 28 of President Trump's nominees and 34 of President George W. Bush's.
- By the end of Bush's first year, approximately 520 nominees were confirmed, compared with approximately 320 for Trump and 460 for Obama.

### Presidential Appointment without Senate Confirmation (PA)

- Approximately 450 positions.
- About two-thirds of all PA positions exist within commissions, councils, committees, boards or foundations. (Requirements for PAs in these agencies are stricter).
- Slightly less than one-third are in the Executive Office of the President (EOP).
- The remaining PA are located within other federal departments or agencies.

## Non-Career Members of the Senior Executive Service (Non-Career SES)

- About 750 positions.
- Non-career appointments are approved by OPM and cannot exceed 25% of the agency's Senior Executive Service position allocation. Governmentwide, only 10% of SES positions may be filled by non-career appointees. Senior Executive Service positions include most managerial, supervisory, and policy positions.
- In the first 100 days of their administrations, Obama placed 112 non-Career SES appointees in 19 key agencies while Trump appointed 76 non-Career SES officials in 19 key agencies.
- By the end of Obama's first year in office, 359 appointees were in place. At the same point, Trump appointed 321 Non-Career SES officials.

#### Schedule C

- About 1,550 positions are excepted from the competitive service because of their confidential or policy-determining character.
- In the first 100 days of their administrations, Obama placed 516 Schedule C appointees in 19 key agencies. Trump appointed 545 Schedule C officials in 19 key agencies.
- By the end of Obama's first year in office, 1258 Schedule C appointees were in place. At the same point, Trump appointed 1075 Schedule C officials.



# **TOTAL NON-COMPETITIVE FEDERAL POSITIONS BY AGENCY**BASED ON THE 2016 PLUM BOOK

Agency	PAS	PA	NA-SES	Sched. C	Agency total
Executive Office of the President	22	129	30	44	225
Department of Agriculture	14	2	48	165	229
Department of Commerce	21	1	39	106	167
Department of Defense	52	0	77	109	238
Department of Education	15	2	20	123	160
Department of Energy	21	0	33	83	137
Department of Health and Human Serv.	18	2	80	80	180
Department of Homeland Security	17	7	50	82	156
Department of Housing and Urban Dev.	13	0	28	41	82
Department of Justice	$209^{1}$	14	55	55	333
Department of Labor	16	2	26	88	132
Department of State	$265^{2}$	4	38	123	430
Department of the Interior	17	0	37	52	106
Department of the Treasury	31	3	36	56	126
Department of Transportation	22	2	28	39	91
Department of Veterans Affairs	11	4	10	11	36
Environmental Protection Agency	13	0	26	25	64
Central Intelligence Agency	3	1	0	0	4
Commodity Futures Trading Commission	5	0	0	7	12
Federal Communications Commission	5	0	4	3	12
Federal Reserve System	7	0	0	0	7
General Services Administration	1	1	19	28	49
Office of Personnel Management	2	0	14	19	35
Securities and Exchange Commission	1	4	0	15	20
Small Business Administration	4	0	14	39	57
Social Security Administration	3	2	10	2	17
U.S. Agency for International Dev.	11	1	2	0	14
Remaining agencies	423	291	37	143	894
Total across all agencies	1242	472	761	1538	4013

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The Department of Justice PAS total includes 84 U.S. Marshals and 93 U.S. Attorneys.

**Source**: Data compiled by the Center for Presidential Transition from Policy and Supporting Positions, 2016 (commonly known as the Plum Book).

**Notes:** The Plum Book is published once every 4 years. The positions described in the most recent Plum Book reflect the personnel and organizational structure of the end of the second term of the Obama administration. This is a snapshot to give a general idea of the number of appointments that needs to be made, and not an accurate count for 2020.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The Department of State PAS total includes 221 ambassadors.

# SENATE CONFIRMED APPOINTMENTS IN THE FIRST YEAR

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#### PAS NOMINATIONS AND CONFIRMATIONS BY PRESIDENT

Confirmed Nominations						
President	Jan. 20	Jan. 29	Apr. 29			
W. Bush	7	13	34			
Obama	7	21	67			
Trump	2	4	28			

Includes all civilian PAS nominations. Concurrent nominations for one person to two related positions were combined as one nomination and confirmation. For example, the nominations to be the (1) Ambassador to the General Assembly of the United Nations and (2) the Representative of the United States in the UN Security Council are counted as a single nomination.

**Source:** Data compiled by the Center for Presidential Transition from Congress.gov.

**Notes:** The date received in Senate is used to determine when a nomination was submitted, and the date of the latest action combined with the latest action are used to determine when the nomination is confirmed.

Submitted Nominations						
President	Jan. 20	Jan. 29	Apr. 29			
W. Bush	13	17	85			
Obama	34	36	190			
Trump	26	26	72			

Includes all civilian PAS nominations. Concurrent nominations for one person to two related positions were combined as one nomination and confirmation. For example, the nominations to be the (1) Ambassador to the General Assembly of the United Nations and (2) the Representative of the United States in the UN Security Council are counted as a single nomination.

**Source:** Data compiled by the Center for Presidential Transition from Congress.gov.

**Notes:** The date received in Senate is used to determine when a nomination was submitted, and the date of the latest action combined with the latest action are used to determine when the nomination is confirmed.

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